



Jan 29 SHG web conference

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Agenda

1. Welcome and introduction: public consultation DA/ID CCM + Feb 6 SHF (13.00-13.15)
2. KPIs (13.15-14.00)
3. Non-intuitivity (14.00-14.15)
4. AOB (14.15-14.30)

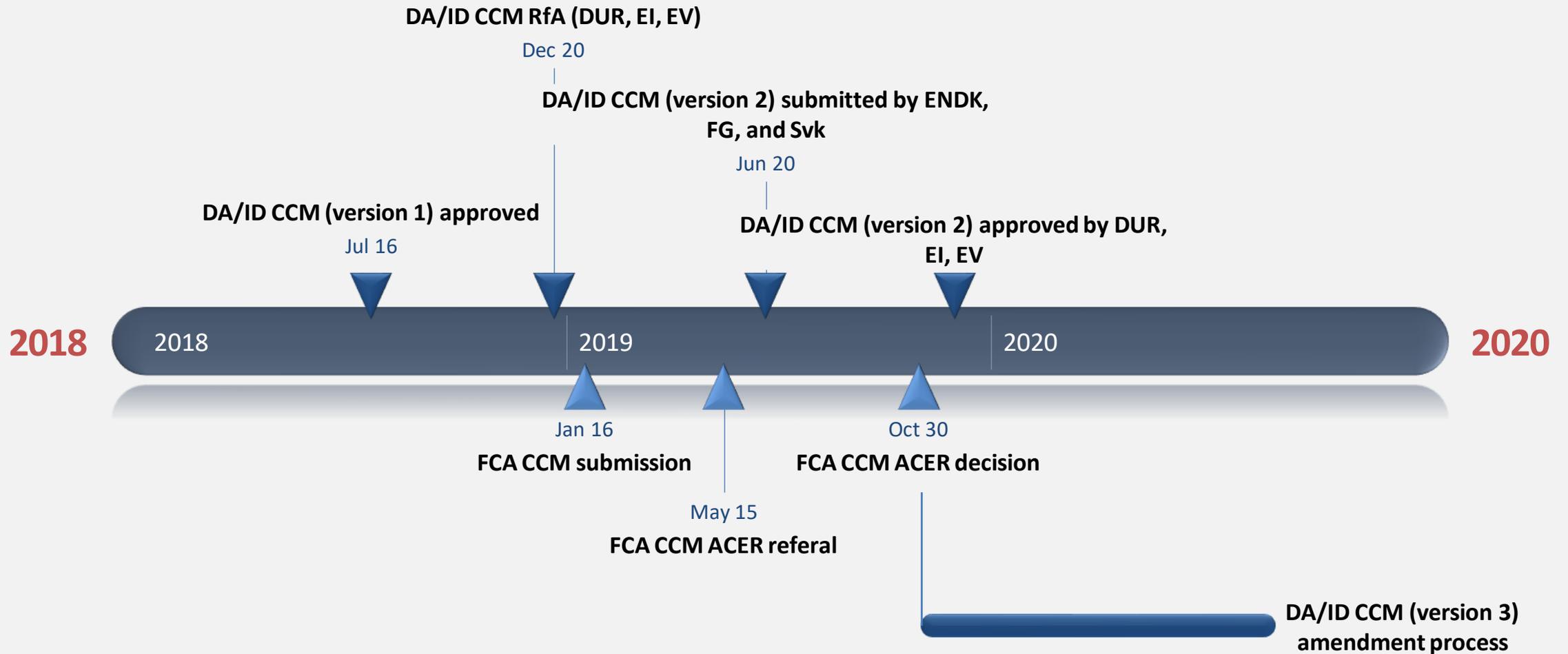


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1. Welcome and introduction where do we come from and where are we now





1. Welcome and introduction

public consultation DA/ID CCM + Feb 6 SHF

- ❖ New proposal for DA/ID CCM (“version 3”) in public consultation Jan. 15th to Feb. 17th
- ❖ The link to the consultation on the ENTSO-E consultation platform: https://consultations.entsoe.eu/markets/cacm_article12_amended_da_id_ccm_nordic_ccr/
- ❖ Both the amended legal document and the supporting document are available for download from the consultation platform.
- ❖ Stakeholder forum on Feb. 6th organized as a telco, where stakeholders can ask clarifying questions to the proposed CCM
 - ✓ TSOs will give a short intro
 - ✓ Purpose of the telco is not to discuss content or oral delivery of response
 - ✓ Registration is required: https://nordic_ccm_shf_february_2020.eventbrite.nl



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2. KPIs

KPI Development

1. Feedback & response
2. Evaluation
 - a) Go/No-go criteria
3. KPI's
 - a) FB capacity calculation process – input
 - b) FB capacity calculation process – output
 - c) FB capacity allocation results
4. KPI suggested by Vattenfall



2. KPIs Feedback & response

Area	Details	Nordic CCM comment	Included in updated KPI document?
Duration/NOGO criteria	All KPIs met for 1 month, else restart 1month	The duration where all KPI's are to be met fully also affect the 'rigidness' of the KPI's. Some nuance needs to be adressed, as it might be too binary	Yes (Readiness evaluation) New suggestion: last 1 month: all "green" last 2 months: no "red"
	All KPIs met for 12 months, else restart 12mts		
	All KPIs met for 3 months, else restart 3mts		
	TSOs proposal to meet the KPIs only in the last month of parallel runs contradicts with the approved CCR Nordic CCM		
FB Intuitive	Simulate FB intuitive as well as FB plain during the -run	Possibly interesting to study, but not part of KPI's. "Intuitiveness" is not a performance indicator as it is not part of CCM.	No However it might be studied, but not as a part of go-live criterion
	Additional KPI: Explicability and intuitiveness of the results (prices and flows)	Prices and scheduled flows will be published	
Data Quality	A tool has to be in place for checking quality of the FB capacity results.	Difficult to see that a tool can check quality. Quality is related to the "market logic" of data; there is a close link between change in social welfare, prices and flows, over loads etc. This logic can only be checked by a human. What is quality (ie. good/poor)? Can the tool be EUPHEMIA, and quality=SEW?	Partly (KPI04) SEW is part of KPI's
	How to measure data quality?	Quality in terms of operational security can be determined in the domain validation tool by TSO operators	
	Need to clarify how fallback results evaluate in terms of KPI – there needs to be a limit on how many consecutive fallbacks are used	A basic measure is whether the ACLF converges. Future quality measure is FRM (not possible during -run though).	Agreed



2. KPIs Feedback & response

Area	Details	Nordic CCM comment	Included in updated Go-live criterias - Version "1"?
Monitoring	We ask for further development and clarification what regards how the KPIs are measured, and followed up	Agreed	Yes Metrics introduced with clearly stated measurements
	Categorize potential issues on different levels of severity (and consequently impacts)	Agreed	Yes Metrics introduced with 3 levels of severity
	How is oversight by the regulatory authorities ensured?	This is probably a question better directed to NRA's	No
Technical implementation	Formats, integration and data converters need to be in place	Agreed, but it is part of the technical implementation, not KPI's. It is certainly a pre-requisite for starting the parallel run, but not an indicator to measure performance on during -run.	No
Specific indicators	MCP, MCV, NEX, PRB etc.	Many of the indicators sounds reasonable to monitor, but not strictly as criteria for go-live. Several of the suggested indicators are for comparing FBP/FBI, which is not intended to be part of the go-live criterion. The generic discussion of PI/RI measurements are better handled in MIT design	Partly - KPI01 Fallback (Convergence) - KPI04 SEW
	Take into account the total welfare for the whole Europe, FB vs. NTC in the Nordics		
SH Acceptance	When you start the //run you need to give an extensive workshop to indicate what it is, and so on	Agreed	No
Specific indicators	Monitor structural impact – whether specific group of customers suffering systematically	Yes, this should be monitored/analyzed, but not part of go-live criteria. A systematic (and correct) loss of income cannot be a barrier for go-live	No
Monitoring	Transparency of the capacity calculation process; - Cross-zonal capacities (FB parameters) calculated and published every day in line with the operational timelines (publication DL same for FB parameters as for NTCs) - At least the same level of transparency as in Central Europe in all Nordic countries (e.g. locations of the CNEs published)	This is handled in the MIT implementation track. Difficult to see a KPI to measure this, maybe as entry criteria? The same level of transparency as CE is probably not possible.	Partly, the publishing of data is covered by KPI03



2. KPIs Readiness Evaluation

Three levels of evaluation

Evaluated and reported on a month-by-month basis

Acceptable	The performance is acceptable, no immediate measures need to be taken
Concern	The performance is concerning – there are issues that need to be addressed
Critical	The performance is not acceptable – there are issues that severely affect performance



2. KPIs Readiness Evaluation – Go/No-Go

1. No **critical** in the last 2 months
2. No **concern** in the last 1 month

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
KPI01	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
KPI02	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
KPI03	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
KPI04	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●

or, in other words

All KPI's must be met with **acceptable** level the last month, and there can be no **critical** statuses in the month before



2. KPIs

FB capacity calculation process - input

Purpose: Catch-all for issues concerning data provision and quality in TSO/RSC processes

The capacity calculation process requires valid input data, timings to be respected, and a successful calculation. If needed, a proper fallback mechanisms is triggered, not leading to any delay in the provision of capacity information by the RSC to the NEMOs / allocation mechanism and publication platform and stakeholder information tool. However, this needs to be monitored in order to not be in a fallback situation too often.

- Several different layers of fallbacks are included – IGM, CCC input data, CCC process, Capacities etc.

KPI01: Metrics for fallbacks		
Acceptable	Concern	Critical
Use of fallback in less than 7% of MTUs	Use of fallback in between 7% - 17% of MTUs	Use of fallback in more than 17% of MTUs



2. KPIs

FB capacity calculation process - output

Purpose: Monitor that results are delivered in time

- There is no structural delay in:

KPI02: Metrics for delivering Domain to SDAC		
Acceptable	Concern	Critical
Capacities delivered in time for all days (i.e. 100%)	Capacities delivered in time, in between 96% - 100% of all days	Capacities delivered in time, for less than 96% of all days

KPI03: Metrics for delivering capacity information to MIT		
Acceptable	Concern	Critical
Capacities delivered in time for more than 93% of all days	Capacities delivered in time in between 83% - 93% of all days	Capacities delivered in time, for less than 83% of all days



2. KPIs

FB capacity allocation

Purpose: verify that the aggregated market welfare obtained under FB MC is higher than the aggregated market welfare obtained in the operational ATC MC, with the same level of operational security.

- Evaluation is in nature a bit binary – either welfare is increased or not.
- Difficult to evaluate “level of operational security”, but if there is not any observed increase in SEW, there is cause for concern.

KPI04: Metrics for socioeconomic welfare		
Acceptable	Concern	Critical
The total SEW for Nordics is higher in FB than NTC at the same level of operational security	The total SEW for Nordics in FB is lower than in NTC at the same level of operational security	Not applicable



2. KPIs

Proposed KPI from Vattenfall



for each interconnection between bidding zones:

$$\text{KPI} = 1 - (\text{Flowbased flow} - \text{Physical flow}) / \text{Flowbased flow}$$

Rationale: This KPI shows how the flow based methodology delivers compared to the physical transfer

“The flow based flows are the optimal flows from a social welfare perspective. That’s why the denominator is the flow based flow. So the KPI is reflecting how much of the optimal theoretical solution is captured in the real physical world with 1 as the perfect solution. Otherwise there would be no point adding this methodology if the physical reality differs far from the optimal solution.”

Example:

Optimal flow based solution for SE3->SE4 3500 MW, three cases of physical flows:

Case 1: Flow based flow 3500 MW, Physical flow 3500 MW -> $1 - (3500 - 3500) / 3500 = 1$

Case 2: Flow based flow 3500 MW, Physical flow 2000 MW -> $1 - (3500 - 2000) / 3500 = 0.57$

Case 3: Flow based flow 3500 MW, Physical flow -1000 MW -> $1 - (3500 - [-1000]) / 3500 = -0.29$



2. KPIs

$$\text{KPI} = 1 - (\text{P}_{\text{FB}} - \text{P}_{\text{physical}}) / \text{P}_{\text{FB}}$$

What does the KPI measure?

- a) Correctness of PTDF (~linearization errors)? $\text{P}_{\text{FB}} = \text{NP} * \text{PTDF}$, would it not the make more sense to set $\text{P}_{\text{FB}} = \text{NP}_{\text{physical}} * \text{PTDF}$?
- b) To what extent scheduled FB flows are realized? Cannot be measured until we have Flowbased market coupling, ie. after go-live..

What is “Flowbased Flow” P_{FB} ?

- Assumption: $\text{P}_{\text{FB}} = \text{Scheduled flow from DA MC, ie. NP} * \text{PTDF}$.
- Only flows originating from cross-border trade. Possibly perform ACLF on market results?

What is “Physical Flow” $\text{P}_{\text{physical}}$?

- Assumption: Observed flow from real-time measurements and state estimation ($\text{P}_{\text{physical}} \sim \text{P}_{\text{observed}}$).
- Flows originating from cross-border trade as well as internal trades and loop flows

Is this FRM?

- No, FRM is reflecting the difference between forecasted flow in CGM (P_{CGM}) and observed flow ($\text{P}_{\text{observed}}$). Also includes N-1 considerations



2. KPIs

Nordic TSO's position on Vattenfall KPI

1. Scheduled flows and physical flows are not comparable
2. The physical flows stems from NTC, not FB during ||-run

In conclusion;

Nordic TSO's will not implement this as a KPI for the ||-run

Other KPI proposals are always welcome!



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